

Glenn Gordon Bellamy was killed as his division led Patton's spearhead across France.

It must have been a macabre duty. Each morning, Army clerks all over Europe completed their companies' morning reports. The typewritten cards listed the unit's approximate location, the number of officer and enlisted personnel available for duty...and the names of the wounded and dead. On September 29, 1944, the morning report of Company M, 317 Infantry Regiment of the 80th Infantry Division included the name of Glenn G. Bellamy, killed in action four days earlier.

Glenn Gordon Bellamy, 'Gee Gee', came to Clemson

from the Low Country town of Loris in Horry County in the late summer of 1937. Bellamy studied vocational agricultural education at Clemson, was a member of the Future Farmers of America and a lieutenant in the Corps of Cadets. Like so many of his Class of '41 mates, Bellamy entered service immediately following his Clemson graduation.

Bellamy was assigned to the 80th Infantry Division, a highly decorated division from the First World War which was soon to be battle-tested again. On 5 August 1944, the 80th landed at Utah Beach. The Division was destined to become the "work horse" of General Patton's 3rd Army and to play a key role in the famed 3rd Army breakthrough at Avranches. The Division then attacked Argentan, taking it on August 20, and creating the Falaise Pocket. After mopping up in the area, the 80th took part in the Third Army dash across France, cutting through Saint-Mihiel, Châlons, and Commercy in pursuit of the retreating Germans until stopped by the lack of gasoline and other supplies at the river Seille.

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In late September, the division, including the 317th Infantry Regiment, moved into defensive positions east of the Seille, about 50 miles from the German border. With the Germans making local counter attacks, M Company's 81 mm mortars and heavy machine guns were positioned on La Haie Ridge to protect the regiment's flank. On September 25th, Bellamy, while leading the company, was killed by shrapnel from a German shell.

He was originally buried in the temporary Andilly US Military Cemetery (Lay Saint Remy, France), Plot B, Row 7, grave 156. The cemetery was established on September 12, 1944 (now restored to farmland and original owners). His remains were returned to the United States in November 1948 and permanently buried in the Bellamy Cemetery in Longs, SC.

Bellamy was awarded the Purple Heart and the Bronze Star with Oak
Leaf Cluster for gallantry in action. He was survived by his wife, the
former Doris Cribb of Anderson, and their young daughter Lynn. Glenn
Gordon Bellamy was one of 57 members of the Class of '41 killed during
the war. No other Clemson Class in any war approaches this level of sacrifice.